

Name: _____

Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms

Creating the Charter

In 1867 the _____ Act made Canada a Dominion of the British Empire

- Canada got its own _____ and _____

In 1931 the _____ ended Canada's colonial years

- Commonwealth countries were declared to be _____ with Britain

In 1982 the _____ gave the Canadian government the authority to make changes to the constitution → "to _____ the constitution"

Guarantee of Rights and Freedoms

Aka: _____

What constitutes "reasonable" and who defines it? – 1968 R. v. Oakes

Proportionality Test

Fundamental Freedoms

Everyone has the following fundamental freedoms:

- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____

Democratic Rights

The right to _____ or run for _____

An _____ must be held every _____ years

- Except in the case of a _____, _____, or _____

A sitting of _____ at least _____ per year

Mobility Rights

The right to _____, _____ or _____ Canada

The right to _____ to another province and pursue a _____

Legal Rights

The right to _____, _____, and _____ of person

- No unreasonable _____ or _____
- No _____ imprisonment
- Explanation for _____
- _____ counsel
- _____ → right to see a judge within 24 hours of arrest
- _____ until proven _____
- No _____ or _____ treatment

Equality Rights

Every individual is _____ before and under the law

- No discrimination based on _____, _____, _____, _____, _____, or mental or physical _____

Official Languages of Canada

_____ and _____ have equal status, rights, and privileges

Minority Language Education Rights

Parents of a _____ in their province have the right to have their children educated in _____ official language